



EIS-based health micro-instrumentation for measurement of drug transdermal delivery



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Research

1994-2007 2022-20224

30 years of EIS in operation

EIS for prosthesis osseointegration diagnostics in dentistry and audiology

Artificial Intelligence for model definition in EIS

2007-2024

EIS for transdermal delivery in aesthetics and in diabetology

1994



2004



2014



2024



Friends of operation

30 years of EIS friendship in operation





V. Bruno



I. Sannino



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C. Manna





Family of EIS operation

More than 30 years of EIS family in operation







A low frequency impedance study of steel/concrete interface

M. Arpaia, P. Pernice, A. Costantini



EIS for transdermal delivery SCIENTIFIC REPORTS

OPEN Noninvasive measurement of transdermal drug delivery by impedance spectroscopy

Received: 18 November 2016 Accepted: 06 February 2017 Pasquale Arpaia^{1,*}, Umberto Cesaro^{1,*} & Nicola Moccaldi^{2,*}







"Best Demonstration Award"



Context

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Transdermal drug delivery advantages:

- no first-pass metabolism,
- less toxicity,
- less side effects
- greater patient compliance.

Strategies:

- Chemical Enhancers,
- Physical systems as:
 - Sonophoresis,
 - Iontophoresis,
 - Electroporation.

Different tissue conditions due to inter- and intra-individual characteristics (e.g. age, sex, ethnicity)

Lack for non invasive and in vivo assessment of the actual dose of drugs

Loss of the posology concept

State of the art

- Biopsy
- Suction blisters
- Tape stripping
- Confocal Raman Spectroscopy
- Colorimetric scale for corticosteroid

- No personalized dosages
- Possible waste of medication
- No real-time feedback to patient

Transdermal delivery in aestethics

abiliternational

innovum

Revilase+ Blister application VisageQ10 Add 1 Blister of VisageQ10 in a Revilase Bottle. Shake well-Apply 1/3 of the product (20ml) over the entire face, neck and décolleté area.

Aesthetics without posology



courtesy of: thedoctorstv.com.

Requirements

General aims

- Low cost
- Non invasive measurement method
- Immediate efficacy assessment for all non-invasive systems for intradermal convey.

Idea

 A method based on impedance spectroscopy (f < 50 kHz) for measuring a substance delivered under the skin



¹²Laboratory emulation

Screening measurement campaign

- A commercial drug used in aesthetics dermatology with a conductivity of 526 μ S/cm
- Pre-gelled Ag/AgCl Electrodes
- Solartron 1260
- to investigate relationship among1. (i) drug amount (ii) impedance2. and (iii) uncertainty sources.





Laboratory emulation

Although uncertainty (different eggplant pulpe, electrode configuration, etc.) a clear relationship between amount of injected substance and impedance



decrease in impedance magnitude by 800 Ω .

The trend of the phase is not correspondingly regular

Laboratory emulation

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Drug Conductivity	Signal Frequency	Electrodes Area	Electrodes Gap	Signal Amplitude	
666 µS/cm	1.00 kHz	3.64 cm ²	4.6 cm	20 mV	
Sensitivity [ml ⁻¹]	Nonlinearity [%]	$1 - \sigma$ Repeatability [%]	Accuracy [%]	Resolution [ml]	
3.8	0.47	0.07	0.68	0.005	





Ex-vivo tests

	Sensitivity [ml ⁻¹]	Nonlinearity [%]	$1 - \sigma$ Repeatability [%]	Accuracy [%]	Resolution [ml]
Laboratory exp.	30.6	3.64	0.11	4.38	0.35
<i>Ex-vivo</i> exp.	34.4	5.04	0.47	6.20	0.44



Clinical tests

	Sensitivity [ml ⁻¹]	Nonlinearity [%]	$1-\sigma$ Repeatability [%]	Accuracy [%]	Resolution [ml]
Laboratory experiments	29.5	2.35	0.07	5.23	0.23
Ex-vivo experiments	24.5	4.25	0.16	7.40	0.37
<i>In-vivo</i> experiments	22.7	3.31	0.27	5.71	0.19

Satisfying linear behavior



EIS in diabetology

XXII World Congress of the International Measurement Confederation (IMEKO 2018)IOP PublishingIOP Conf. Series: Journal of Physics: Conf. Series 1065 (2018) 132008doi:10.1088/1742-6596/1065/13/132008

PAPER · OPEN ACCESS



Non-invasive real-time in-vivo monitoring of insulin absorption from subcutaneous tissues

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Diabetes: a pancreas desease



courtesy of: 10insalute.com

Artificial Pancreas

Artificial Pancreas (AP) consists of closed-loop control of blood glucose in diabetes)



AP operation

The loop is closed in case of basal insulin administration (i.e. long term, e.g. daily).

At each meal, when food is ingested, further insulin is administered specifically (Bolus).





The Bolus problem

Even most recent systems cannot react to such quick glucose swing.

Needs for new control inputs: e.g.,

- 1. insulin sensitivity factor (ISF)
- 2. and insulin duration of action. (IDA)

They are both fixed during Artificial Pancreas calibration.



Bioavailability

However, ISF and IDA can be subject to significant variations depending on the kinetics of the insulin absorption (bioavailability).

Fraction of an administered dose of unchanged drug reaching the systemic circulation.

The insulin bioavailability over time is assessed indirectly from the measurement of its time dependent disappearance from the administration volume



The idea - 1

The insulin variation is assessed noninvasively by EIS.

The leakage of a given amount of insulin (ml) produces a corresponding variation in the measured equivalent impedance in the administration volume.



The idea - 2

Personalized medicine

At each administration, a linear model for the individual subject in each his/her condition is identified (personalized medicine).



Significant increase in interand intra-individual reproducibility of bioavailability measurements

The idea - 3

Inverse model of insulin **appearance** is used in the absorption (**disappearance**) phase



Estimated amount of drug still not absorbed



EIS Insulin Meter



Prototype



- A. Doughterboard BIO3Z for 4-wire bioimpedance measurement
- B. Battery
- C. ON and Reset buttons
- D. Display

In-vitro results



Ex-vivo results



Ex-vivo results

Personalization accuracy









EIS past, present and ...



Epelboin Frumkin Armstrong McDonald/Lasia



Internet of NanoThings (IoNT)

Nanosensors embedded over the world transmitting info under request





FOR YOUR ATTENTION!





TE Technology Department

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