

Design your own bioimpedance meter

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<https://clabio.tec.br/>

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IFMBE



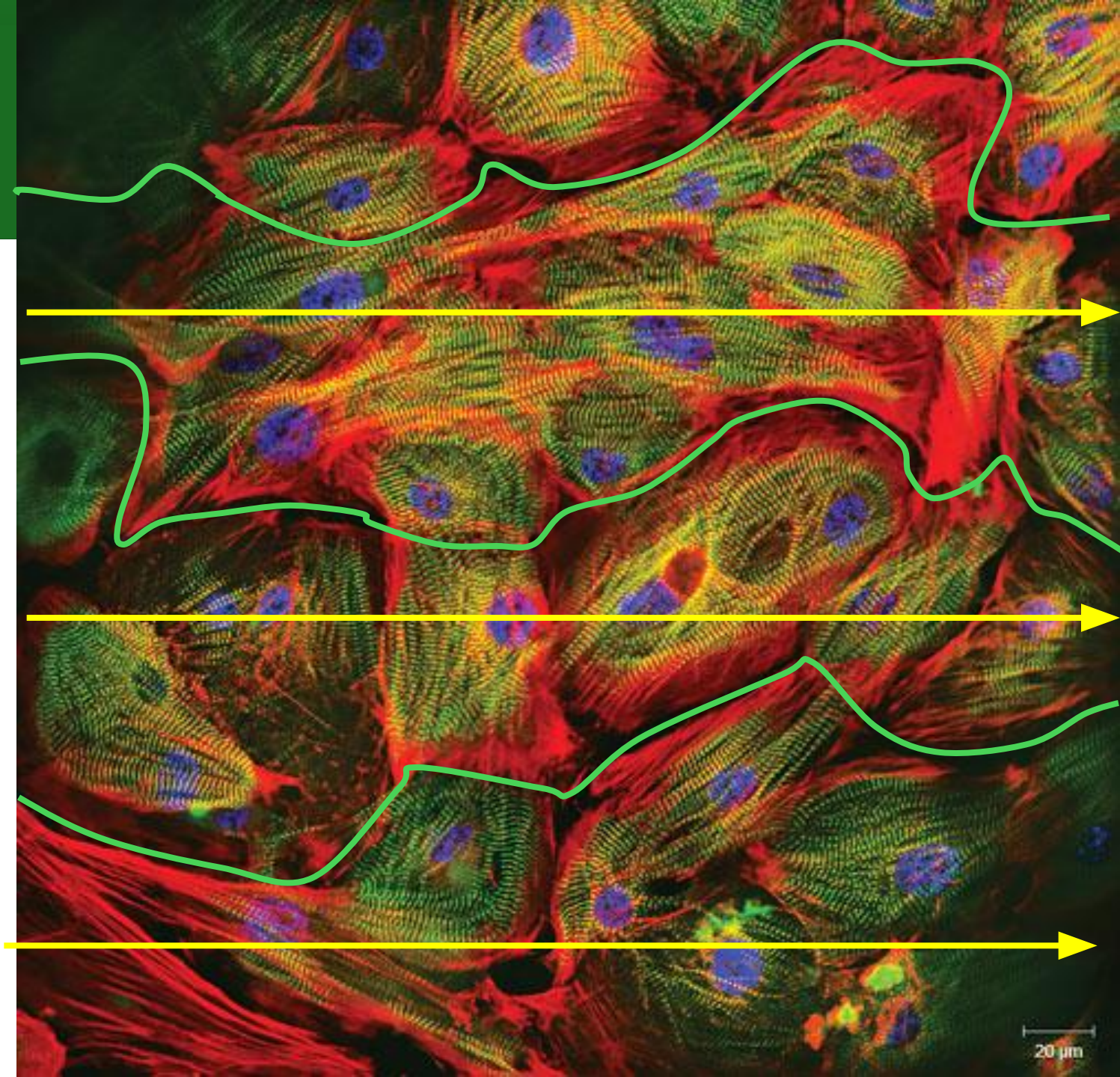
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SIMULATIONS in LTSpice

Bioimpedance meter



□ LTSpice

- ✓ <https://www.analog.com/en/resources/design-tools-and-calculators/ltspice-simulator.htm>
- ✓ Draw the **circuit 1** according to this guide

□ Current source effects

- ✓ Output current and impedance bandwidth
- ✓ Load range

□ Measuring Front-End

- ✓ Gain bandwidth
- ✓ Input impedance of the instrumentation amplifier

Current source

Bioimpedance meter



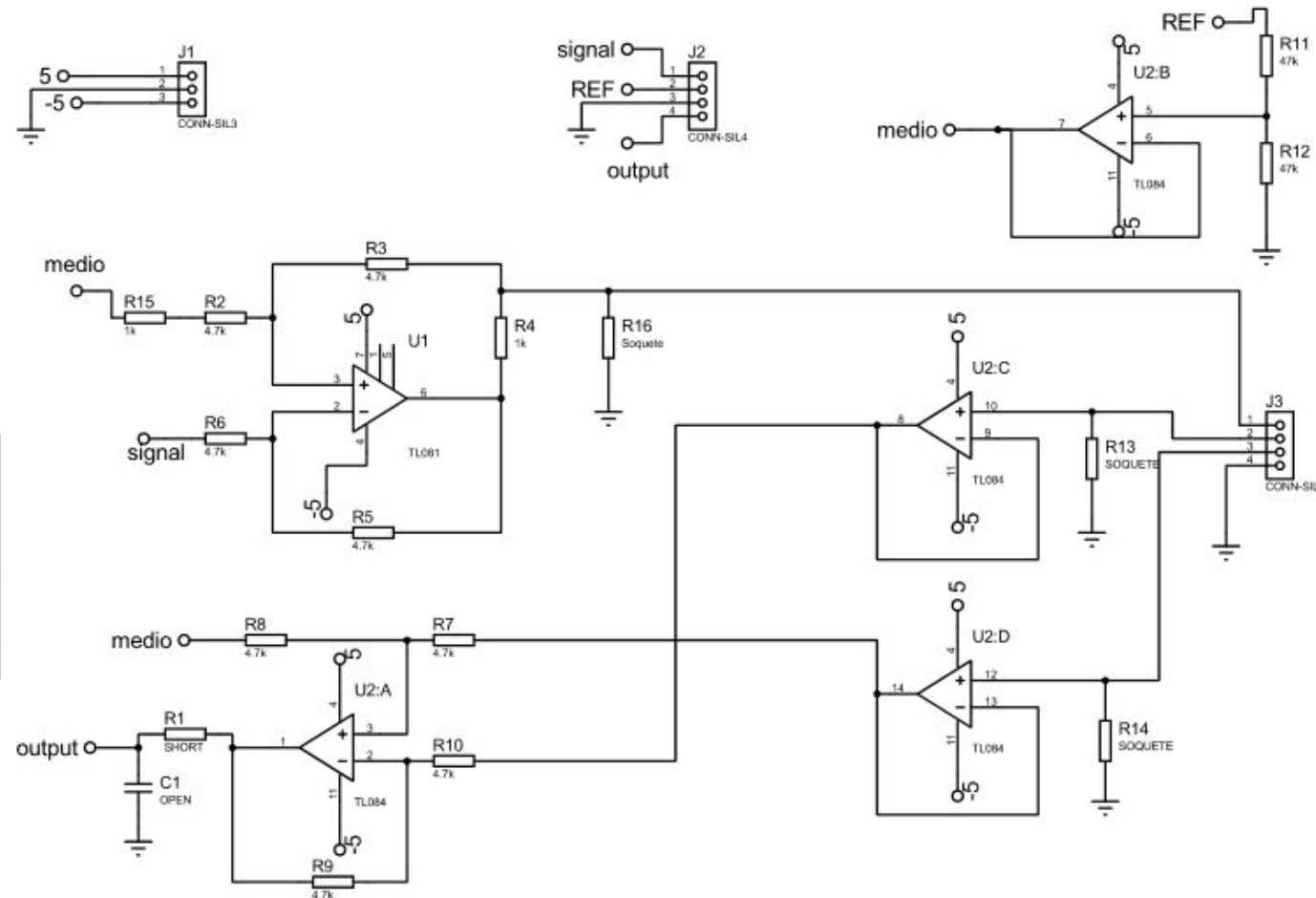
Simulation 1

METHODS:

- Connect the REF to ground;
- Set the function generator (FG) to have a sinewave of 1 Vpp;
- Connect the FG to the input signal of the circuit board;
- Connect the 1 kΩ resistor (load) at R16 in the circuit board;
- Measure the voltage across the load by using the oscilloscope and fill out the Table;
- Repeat the previous item by connecting the 1 nF capacitor in parallel to the load at R16 and fill out the Table;
- Calculate the load for both cases and then the errors in percentage.

Frequency [kHz]	Vout [Vpp] @ 1 kΩ	Vout [Vpp] @ 1 kΩ // 1 nF	Calculated load [kΩ]	Error [%]
0.1				
1				
10				
100				
1000				

What does happen with the output impedance of the current source?

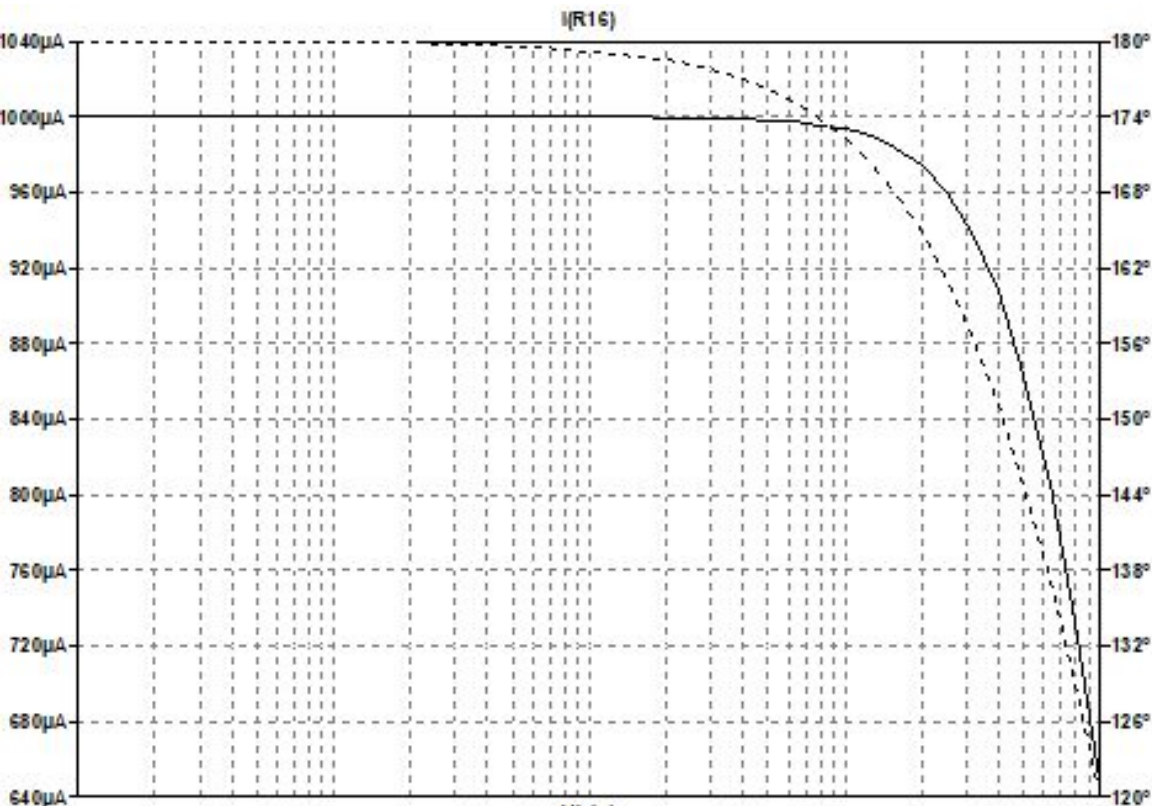


Current source

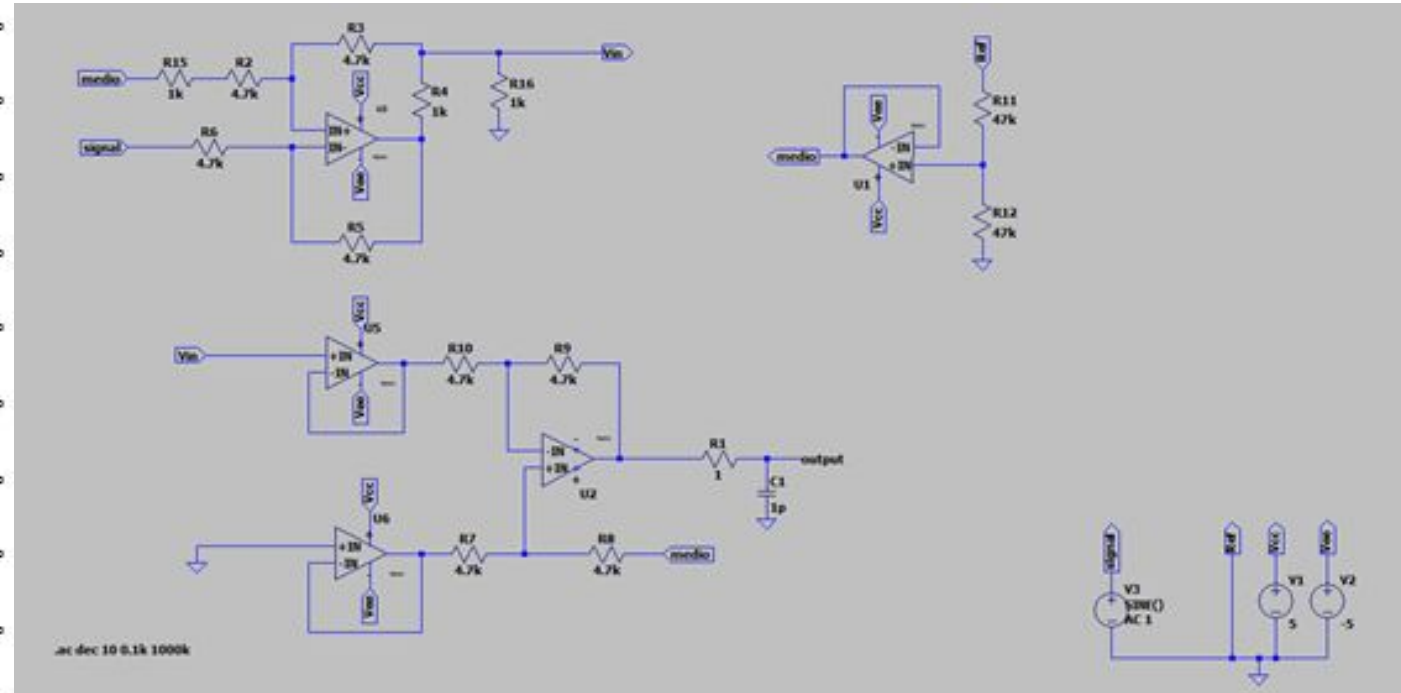
Bioimpedance meter



Simulation 1



Load = 1 k Ω

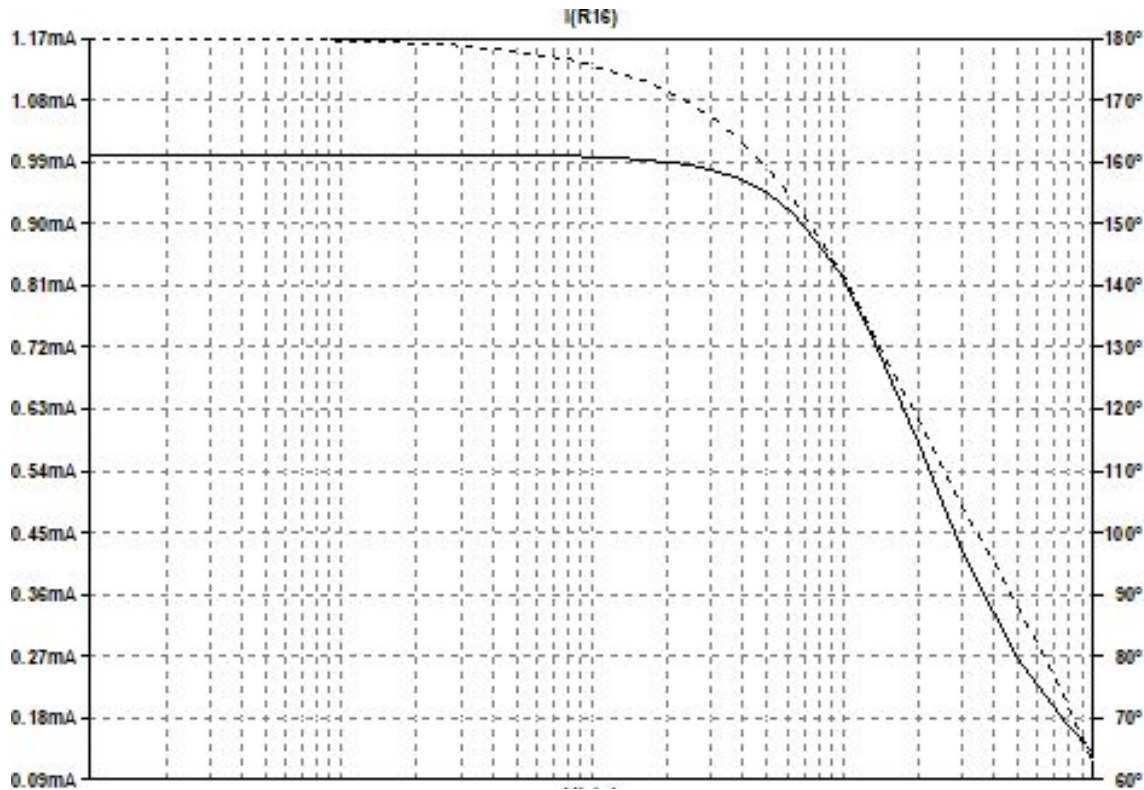


What does happen with the output impedance of the current source?

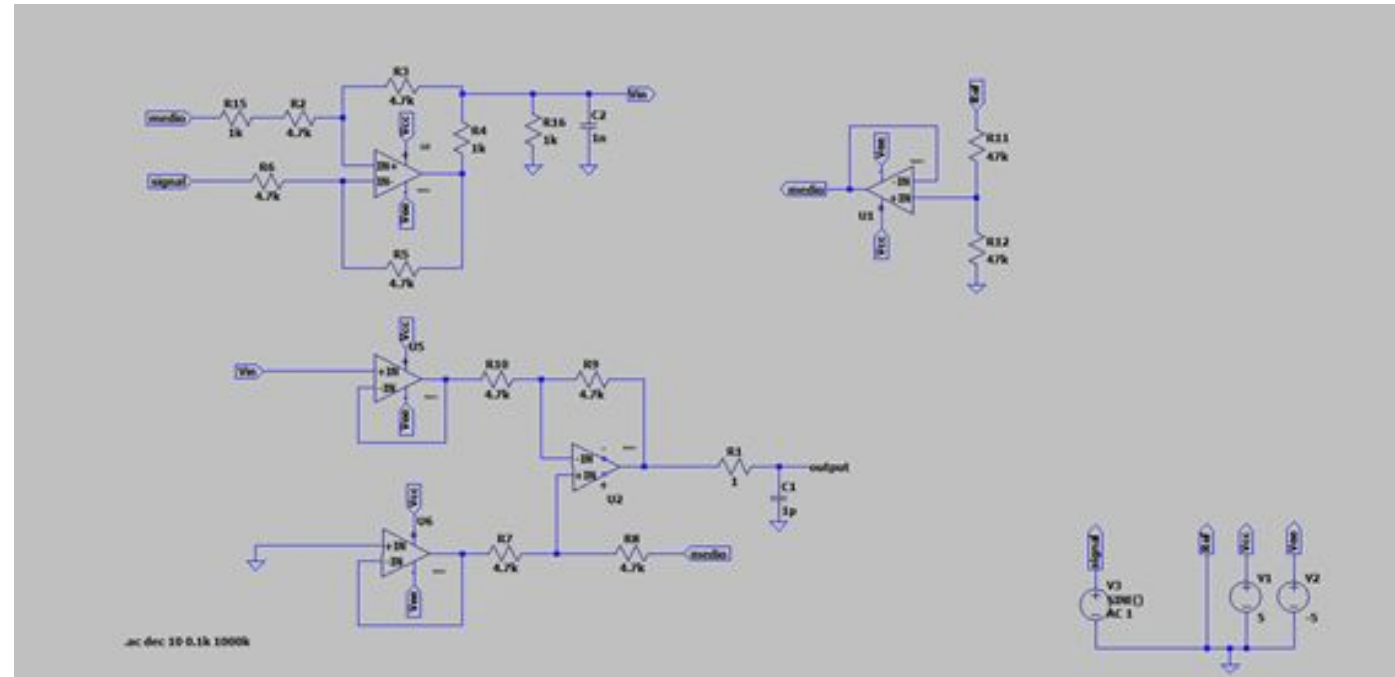
Current source

Bioimpedance meter

Simulation 1



Load = 1 kΩ // 1 nF



What does happen with the output impedance of the current source?

Current source

Bioimpedance meter



Simulation 1

Frequency [kHz]	Vout [V] @RL	Vout[V]@1k//1n	Iout RL	Iout 1k//1n	Calculated load		Error (%)	
					RL	RL//C	RL	RL//C
0.1	1	1	1000u	1000u	1k	1k	-	-
1	1	1	1000u	1000u	1k	1k	-	-
10	1	1	1000u	1000u	1k	1k	-	-
100	998m	821.8m	993u	817u	1005	1005	0.5	0.5
1000	611m	121m	647u	129u	944	937	5.6	6.3

What does happen with the output impedance of the current source?

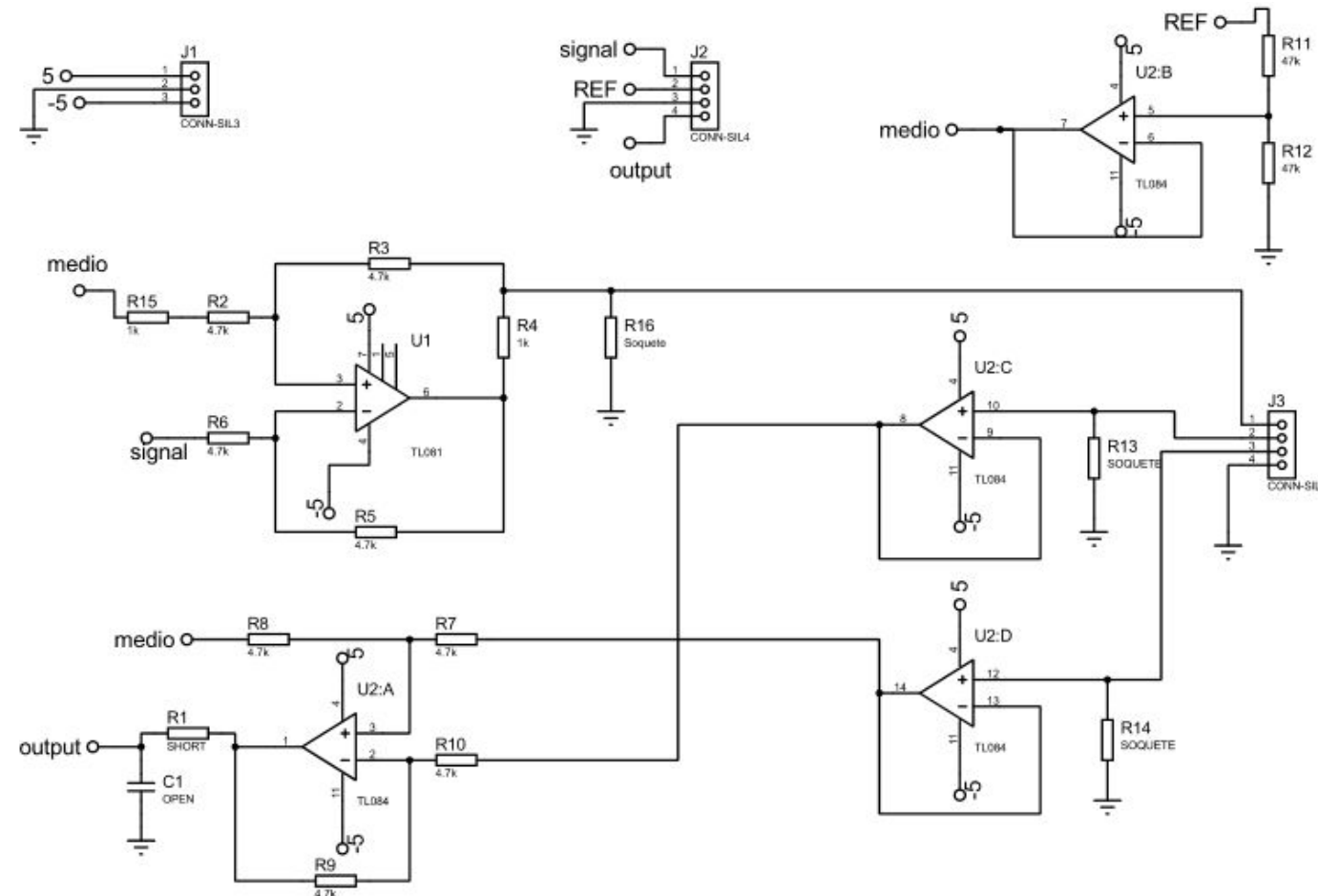


Simulation 2

METHODS:

- Connect the REF to ground;
- Set the function generator (FG) to have a sinewave of 1 V_{pp} at 100 kHz;
- Connect the FG to the input signal of the circuit board;
- Measure the voltage across the loads at R16 by using the oscilloscope and fill out the Table;
- Calculate the output current and then the errors in percentage;

Frequency [kHz]	Vout [Vpp]				Calculated Iout [mApp]	Error [%]
	100 Ω	1kΩ	4.7 kΩ	10 kΩ		
0.1						
1						
10						
100						
1000						



What does happen with the output impedance of the current source?

Current Source

Bioimpedance meter



Simulation 2

Frequency [kHz]	Vout [V]				Iout [A]			
	R100Ω	R1kΩ	R4.7kΩ	R10kΩ	R100Ω	R1kΩ	R4.7kΩ	R10kΩ
0.1	100mV	1V	4.72V	10V	1000uA	1000uA	1000uA	1000uA
1	100mV	1V	4.72V	10V	1000uA	1000uA	1000uA	1000uA
10	100mV	1V	4.72V	10V	1000uA	1000uA	1000uA	1000uA
100	100mV	998mV	4.44V	8.21V	1000uA	993uA	941.51uA	783uA
1000	81.8mV	611mV	1.18V	1.31V	867.8uA	647uA	266.6uA	139uA

What does happen with the output impedance of the current source?



Simulation 2

Frequency-[kHz]	Calculated-load							
	R100Ω	Error(%)	R1kΩ	Error(%)	R4.7kΩ	Error(%)	R10kΩ	Error(%)
0.1	100Ω	-	1kΩ	-	4.72kΩ	0.4	10kΩ	-
1	100Ω	-	1kΩ	-	4.72kΩ	0.4	10kΩ	-
10	100Ω	-	1kΩ	-	4.72kΩ	0.4	10kΩ	-
100	100Ω	-	1005Ω	0.5	4.47kΩ	4.9	10.5kΩ	5
1000	94Ω	6	944Ω	5.6	4.42kΩ	5.95	9.42kΩ	5.8

What does happen with the output impedance of the current source?

Instrumentation amplifier

Bioimpedance meter

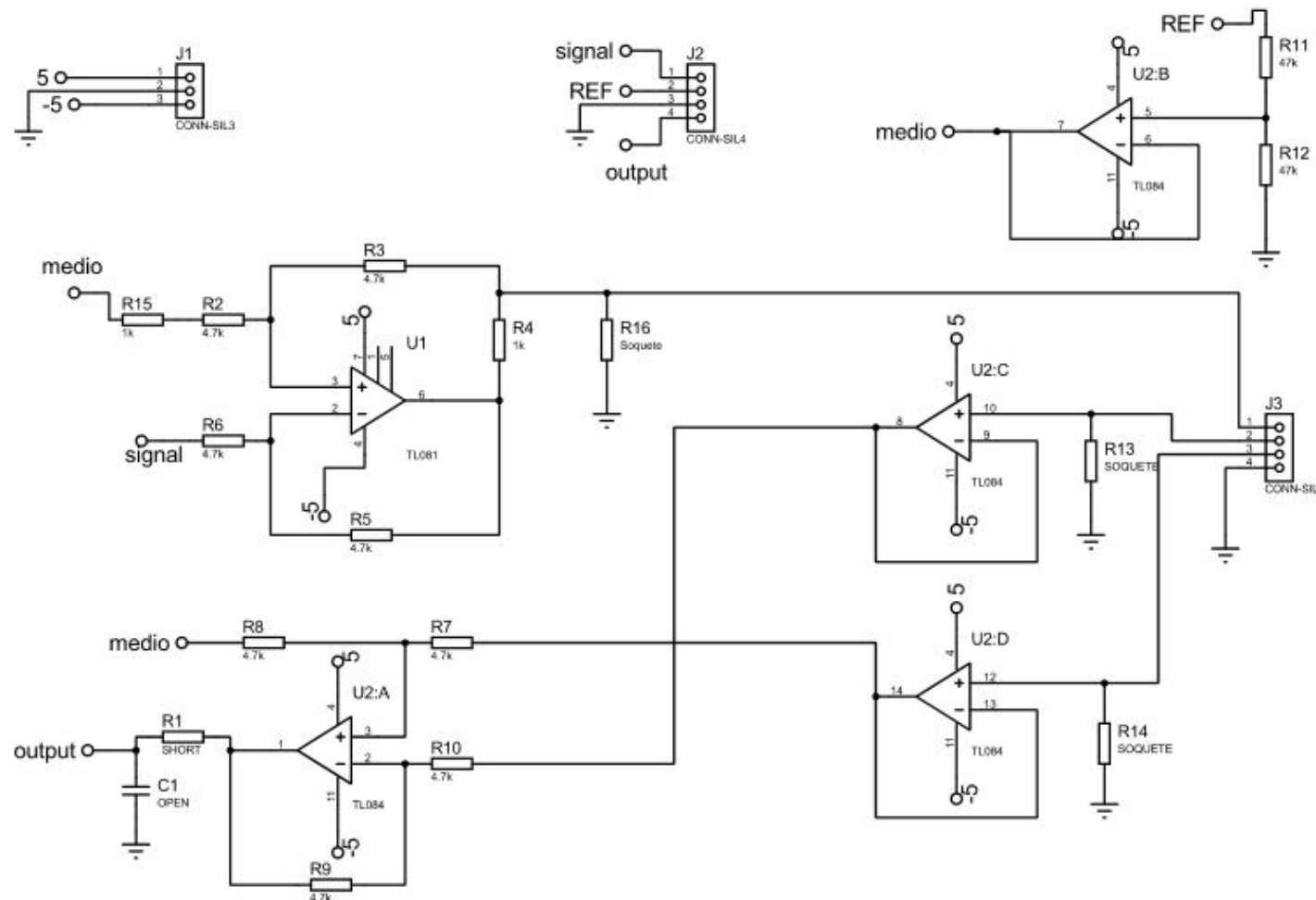
Simulation 3

METHODS:

- Connect the REF to ground;
- Set the function generator (FG) to have a sinewave of $1 V_{pp}$ at 100 kHz;
- Connect the FG to the input signal of the circuit board;
- Connect the $1 k\Omega$ resistor (load) at R16 in the circuit board;
- Connect the $10 M\Omega$ resistors (**Rin**) at R13 and R14 in the circuit board;
- Measure the output voltages by using the oscilloscope and fill out the Table;
- Calculate the load and then the errors in percentage;

Frequency [kHz]	Vout [Vpp] Rin= 0 Ω	Vout [Vpp] Rin= 10 M Ω	Calculated load [k Ω]	Error [%]
0.1				
1				
10				
100				
1000				

What does what happen with the input impedance of the instrumentation amplifier?



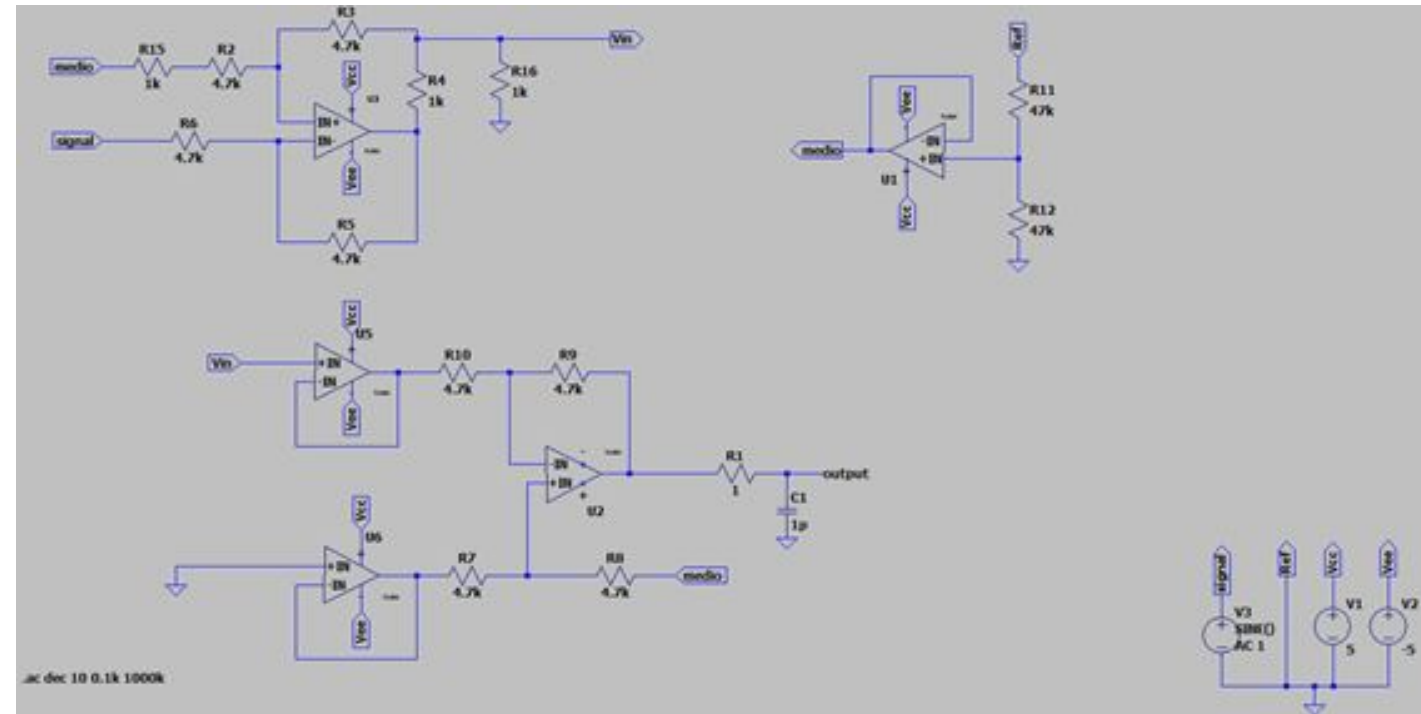
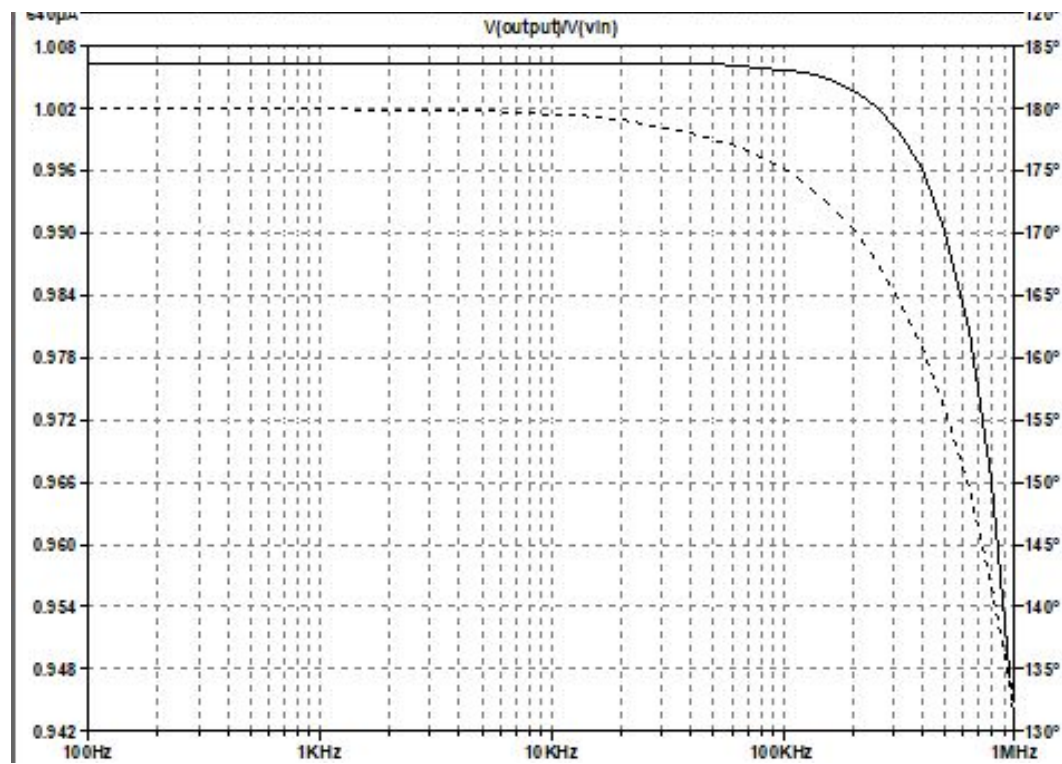
Instrumentation amplifier

Bioimpedance meter



Simulation 3

Zin = infinite



What does what happen with the input impedance of the instrumentation amplifier?

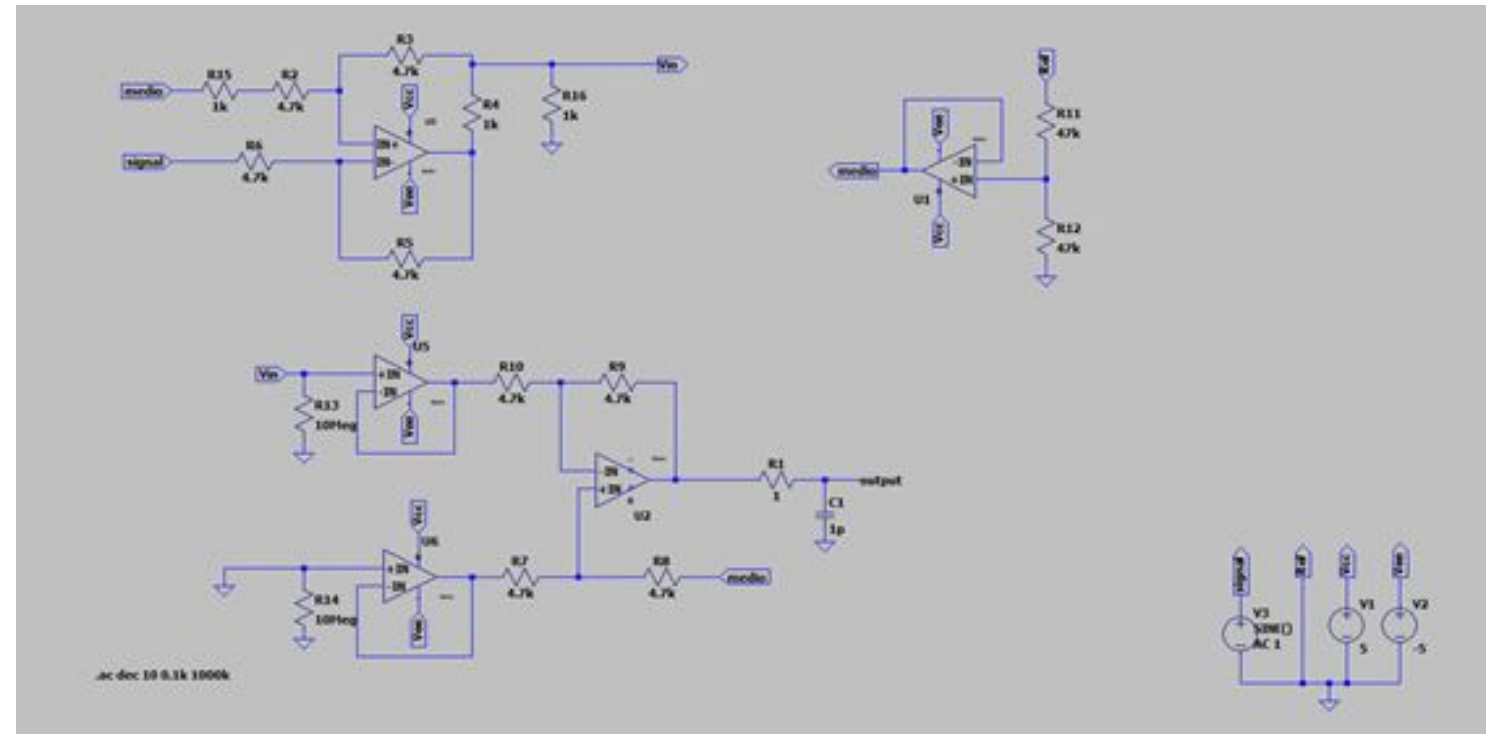
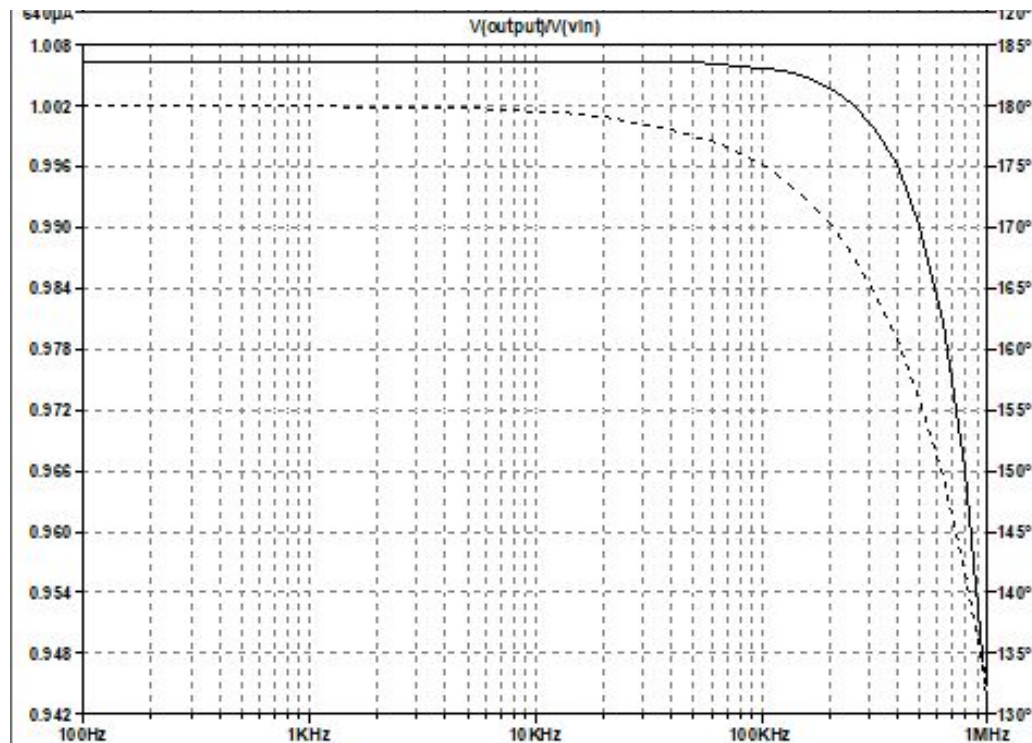
Instrumentation amplifier

Bioimpedance meter



Simulation 3

Zin = 10 MΩ



What does what happen with the input impedance of the instrumentation amplifier?

Instrumentation amplifier

Bioimpedance meter

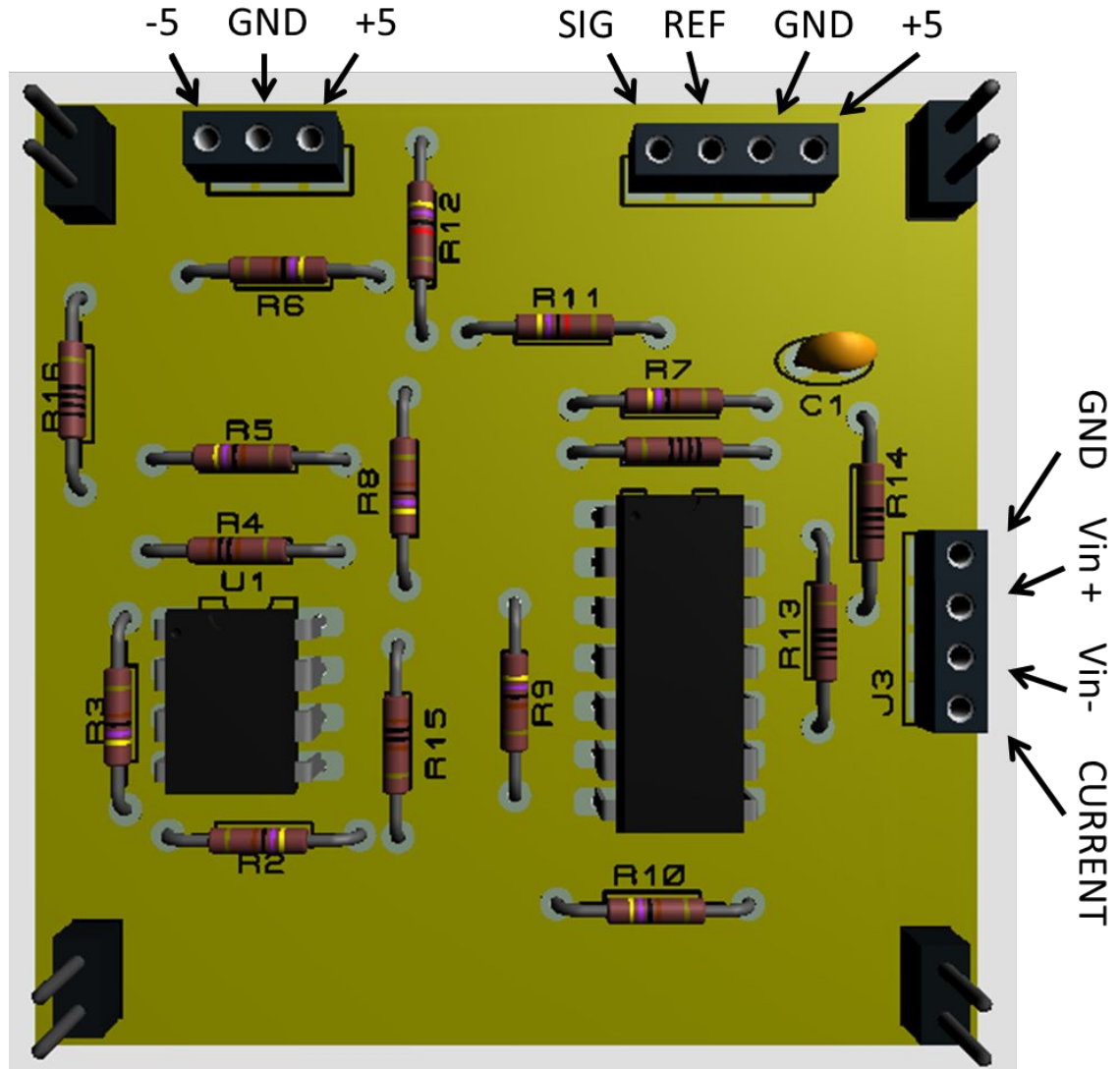
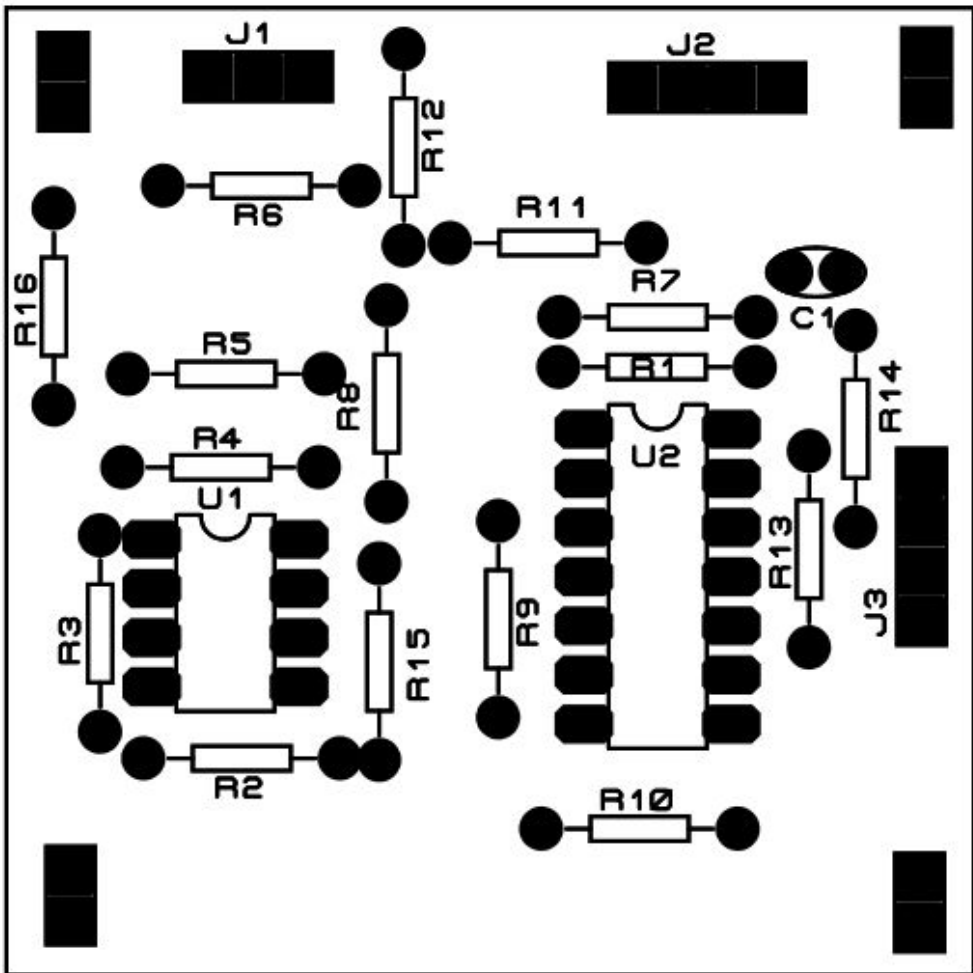
Simulation 3

Frequency [kHz]	Vout [V] Rin=0	Vout[V] Rin =10M	Iout RL	Calculated load	
				RL	Error %
0.1	1	1	1000u	1k	-
1	1	1	1000u	1k	-
10	1	1	1000u	1k	-
100	1	1	993u	1007	0.7
1000	943m	943m	647u	1457	45.7

What does what happen with the input impedance of the instrumentation amplifier?

Circuit Design

Bioimpedance meter



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